

KENTUCKY GAZETTE.

[NUMB. XXX.]

SATURDAY, APRIL 9, 1796.

[VOL. IX.]

A Scheme of Chances of Insurance

On the Lottery authorized by Law for raising 2250 dollars, for the Lexington Lodge, No. 25; to raise the same sum for the purpose of repairing the streets, building stone bridges, paving, &c. the town of Lexington.

THE trustees of the town of Lexington, as the representatives of the inhabitants, submit the following scheme to their constituents, and to the citizens of the State at large.

The inhabitants of the town, whether merchants, tradesmen or mechanics, and the farmers, planters and labourers of the country mutually depend upon, and assist each other. The inhabitants of the town have something to dispose of to the cultivator of the land, which he cannot manufacture for himself at the same price; on the other hand, as his occupation prevents him from sowing by his own labor in the field, the produce of the country, he is compelled to receive in return, for what he has furnished to the husbandman, that produce, either in the article itself, or the price of it.

These observations are verified by the great rise in the value of landed property adjacent to the town of Lexington, in proportion to the rise of property of the same description in other parts of the State, which can only be accounted for by the rapid improvement and increase of population in the town.

To the citizens of the town of Lexington, the trustees suggest that with the sums authorized by law to be collected and appropriated by them; the proceeds of seven years taxes will be sufficient to build stone bridges, to make sewers for carrying off the water, to sink wells and erect pumps (the necessity of which has been evidenced by the late calamity by fire) and to make such other repairs, as are necessary for the health, safety and convenience of their fellow citizens. What purpose the temporary repairs heretofore made, have answered, which have even extended the amount of their funds, every citizen can determine.

To the citizens of the State at large, they suggest that an increase of population is an increase of wealth; and that the increase of inhabitants who are employed in trade, merchandise or manufactures, and who do not cultivate the earth, must increase the demand for the necessities of life, and the competition of purchasers for a foreign market; and that the proposed improvement of the town is the most likely way to procure such increase of Population.

The trade and communication between the town and the country, resembles the circulation of the blood; it is kept moving in the heart, and from thence driven to warm and invigorate the most extreme parts.

The scheme they propose is, that they will issue the same number of chances of insurance, as there are tickets in the Lexington Lodge lottery, with the same numbers, and at the same price, and they will pay to the holder of a chance of the same number, as a ticket which shall draw a prize in that lottery; the same sum which is the fortunate holder of the ticket shall be entitled to. The fortunate holders of chances of insurance, to be subject as the fortunate holders of tickets in that lottery, to a deduction of fifteen per centum.

LEXINGTON LODGE LOTTERY, No. 25.

1 Prize of 1500 Dollars is 1500

2 — 500 — 500

3 — 250 — 750

4 — 100 — 500

5 — 50 — 500

12 — 25 — 750

100 — 25 — 2500

170 — 15 — 2550

211 — 10 — 2510

412 — 6 — 2502

2 of 100 each, being 1 for the first and 1 for the last drawn ticket 200

Dollars, 15,000

1016 prizes. } Not two blanks to a prize.

1984 blanks. } a prize.

3000 tickets at 5 Dollars.

The holders of chances of insurance, who hold chances of the same numbers as the tickets which draw prizes, shall be paid the sums due to them in twenty days after the Lottery shall be drawn.

A credit for one half of any number of chances shall be given until the said Lottery shall have finished drawing. If the several sums which shall become due to the holders of chances shall not be called for within eighteen months, they will be considered as donations.

These chances of insurance depend upon the drawing of the Lexington Lodge Lottery authorized by law, an account of the drawing of which is to be published in the Kentucky papers, shewing the blanks and prizes.

Tickets may be had by applying to Hugh McIlwain, James Morrison, Robert Patterson, George Ferguson, Alexander Parker, Thomas Janney, and John Jones, trustees of the town of Lexington, who will manage the Lottery, and be answerable for prizes.

NOTICE OF ENCOURAGEMENT

WHEREAS the subscribers living on High street, opposite Col. Patterson's, are now about to erect a

YARD,

will give the highest price for good Oak

Bark, or Hides; and will arrive to keep an

account of the said bark, or Hides, till they have it of

their own handling. Any person having for

sale either of the former articles, or waiting

to purchase the latter, no doubt will be

satisfied with the treatment of the subscribers.

Jacob Kiefer,
Joseph Jiffy.

Lexington, April 6, 1796. 3w

A Court of Quarter Sessions held for Nelson County, at the Court house in said County, on Wednesday the 9th day of September, in the year 1795.

ELLEN YOUNG Complainant,

against

JAMES MORRISON Defendant.

IN CHANCERY.

THE said Defendant not having entered his appearance agreeably to the act of assembly and the rules of this Court—and it appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that the Defendant is not an inhabitant of this State,—on the motion of the complainant by her counsel, it is ordered, that the said Defendant do appear here on the second Tuesday in February next, and answer the Complainant's bill; and that a copy of this order be published in the Kentucky Gazette for two months successively; and for a Sunday immediately after Divine service, at the front door of the said Court meeting house in said County's creek.

(A COPY)

LEW. GRAYSON, C. C.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT

PROPOSALS

WILL be received at Danville, on Monday the eleventh day of April ensuing, for opening a good

WAGGON ROAD,

thirty feet wide and payable for waggons of one ton weight through the wilderness.

Commencing in the neighbourhood of the Cumberland, and terminating on the top of the Cumberland Mountain; where the present road leads to Virginia.

The commissioners propose setting out from Mr. Langford on the nineteenth of March early in the morning, in order to establish the route the road is to pass. This notice is given that gentlemen who incline to undertake opening the road or part thereof, may attend and see way the same will pass.

Joseph Crockett, } Com.

Thomas Harbee, } James Knox.

Feb. 19 1796. 6w

FOR SALE,

A SEMINARY LOT.

About two miles and a half from

LEXINGTON,

ON the road leading to the mouth of

Tate's creek, containing one hundred

acres. Also an OUT LOT in this town,

of five acres. For terms apply to

JOHN M. BOGGS,

Lexington, March 19, 1796. 3w.

THIS DAY IS PUBLISHED, AND MAY BE HAD AT THE LIBRARY BOOKS,

(Price three pence, or three for eighteen pence.)

A Catalogue of the Books in the Transylvania Library, at Lexington—containing upwards of four hundred volumes—For the year 1796.

SCHEME OF A LOTTERY

For raising the sum of Ten Thousand Dollars, for the purpose of erecting a DUCK and LINEN MANUFACTORY in Georgetown. In three Clashes—4200 Dollars by the first, and 3000 the two last.

CLASS THE FIRST.

1 Prize of 2000 Dollars is 2000 Dol.

2 — 1000 — 1000

3 — 500 — 1500

4 — 250 — 1000

5 — 100 — 1000

10 — 50 — 1000

20 — 25 — 1000

40 — 10 — 1000

80 — 5 — 1000

160 — 2 — 1000

320 — 1 — 1000

640 — 1 — 1000

1280 — 1 — 1000

2560 — 1 — 1000

5120 — 1 — 1000

10240 — 1 — 1000

20480 — 1 — 1000

40960 — 1 — 1000

81920 — 1 — 1000

163840 — 1 — 1000

327680 — 1 — 1000

655360 — 1 — 1000

1310720 — 1 — 1000

2621440 — 1 — 1000

5242880 — 1 — 1000

10485760 — 1 — 1000

20971520 — 1 — 1000

41943040 — 1 — 1000

83886080 — 1 — 1000

167772160 — 1 — 1000

335544320 — 1 — 1000

671088640 — 1 — 1000

1342177280 — 1 — 1000

2684354560 — 1 — 1000

5368709120 — 1 — 1000

10737418240 — 1 — 1000

21474836480 — 1 — 1000

42949672960 — 1 — 1000

85899345920 — 1 — 1000

171798691840 — 1 — 1000

343597383680 — 1 — 1000

687194767360 — 1 — 1000

1374389534720 — 1 — 1000

2748779069440 — 1 — 1000

5497558138880 — 1 — 1000

10995116277760 — 1 — 1000

21990232555520 — 1 — 1000

43980465111040 — 1 — 1000

87960930222080 — 1 — 1000

175921860444160 — 1 — 1000

351843720888320 — 1 — 1000

703687441776640 — 1 — 1000

1407374883553280 — 1 — 1000

2814749767106560 — 1 — 1000

5629499534213120 — 1 — 1000

11258999068426240 — 1 — 1000

22517998136852480 — 1 — 1000

45035996273704960 — 1 — 1000

90071992547409920 — 1 — 1000

180143985094819840 — 1 — 1000

360287970189639680 — 1 — 1000

720575940379279360 — 1 — 1000

1441151880758558720 — 1 — 1000

2882303761517117440 — 1 — 1000

5764607523034234880 — 1 — 1000

11529215046068469760 — 1 — 1000

23058430092136939520 — 1 — 1000

46116860184273879040 — 1 — 1000

92233720368547758080 — 1 — 1000

184467440737095516160 — 1 — 1000

368934881474191032320 — 1 — 1000

737869762948382064640 — 1 — 1000

1475739525896764129280 — 1 — 1000

2951479051793528258560 — 1 — 1000

5902958103587056517120 — 1 — 1000

11805916207174113034240 — 1 — 1000

23611832414348226068480 — 1 — 1000

47223664828696452136960 — 1 — 1000

94447329657392904273920 — 1 — 1000

188894659314785808547840 — 1 — 1000

377789318629571617095680 — 1 — 1000

755578637259143234191360 — 1 — 1000

1511157274518286468382720 — 1 — 1000

3022314549036572936765440 — 1 — 1000

6044629098073145873530880 — 1 — 1000

12089258196146291747061760 — 1 — 1000

24178516392292583494123520 — 1 — 1000

48357032784585166988247040 — 1 — 1000

96714065569170333976494080 — 1 — 1000

193428131138340667952988160 — 1 — 1000

386856262276681335905976320 — 1 — 1000

773712524553362671811952640 — 1 — 1000

1547425049106725343623905280 — 1 — 1000

3094850098213450687247810560 — 1 — 1000

6189700196426901374495621120 — 1 — 1000

12379400392853802748991242240 — 1 — 1000

24758800785707605497982484480 — 1 — 1000

49517601571415210995964968960 — 1 — 1000

99035203142830421991929937920 — 1 — 1000

198070406285660843983859875840 — 1 — 1000

396140812571321687967719751680 — 1 — 1000

792281625142643375935439503360 — 1 — 1000

1584563250285286751870879006720 — 1 — 1000

3169126500570573503741758013440 — 1 — 1000

6338253001141147007483516026880 — 1 — 1000

12676506002282294014967032053760 — 1 — 1000

25353012004564588029934064107520 — 1 — 1000

50706024009129176059868128215040 — 1 — 1000

101412048018258352119736256430080 — 1 — 1000

202824096036516704239472512860160 — 1 — 1000

405648192073033408478945025720320 — 1 — 1000

811296384146066816957890051440640 — 1 — 1000

1622592768292133633915780102881280 — 1 — 1000

3245185536584267267831560205762560 — 1 — 1000

6490371073168534535663120411525120 — 1 — 1000

12980742146337069071326240823050240 — 1 — 1000

25961484292674138142652481646100480 — 1 — 1000

51922968585348276285304963292200960 — 1 — 1000

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207691874341393105141219853168803840 — 1 — 1000

415383748682786210282439706337607680 — 1 — 1000

830767497365572420564879412675215360 — 1 — 1000

1661534994731144841129758825350430720 — 1 — 1000

3323069989462289682259517650700861440 — 1 — 1000

6646139978924579364519035301401722880 — 1 — 1000

13292279957849158729038070602803445760 — 1 — 1000

26584559915698317458076141205606891520 — 1 — 1000

53169119831396634916152282411213783040 — 1 — 1000

106338239662793269832304564822427566080 — 1 — 1000

21267647932558653966460912964485513216

be executed and observed with punctuality and the most sincere regard to good faith, on the part of the United States, I hereby make known the premises; and enjoin and require all persons bearing office Civil or Military, within the United States, and all others, citizens or inhabitants thereof or being within the same, to execute and observe the said Treaty accordingly.

TESTIMONY WHEREOF I have caused the Seal of the United States of America, to be affixed to these presents and signed the same with my hand. Done at the city of Philadelphia the twenty ninth day of February one thousand seven hundred and ninety-five, and of the independence of the United States of America, the Twentieth.

G. WASHINGTON
By the President,

CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES.

AN ACT further extending the time for receiving on loan the domestic debt of the UNITED STATES.

§ 1. **BE** it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That the term for receiving on loan that part of the domestic debt of the United States, which has not been subscribed, in pursuance of the provisions heretofore made by law for that purpose, be, and the same is hereby further extended until the thirty first day of December next, on the same terms and conditions, as are contained in the act entitled "An Act making provision for the debt of the United States:" Provided, that the book for receiving the said subscriptions shall be opened only at the treasury of the United States.

§ 2. **AND** be it further enacted, that it shall be lawful to reimburse so much of the principle of the debt or stock, which may be subscribed, pursuant to this act, as will make the reimbursement thereof equal in proportion & degree, to that of the same stock subscribed antecedent to the present year, and the said reimbursement shall be made at the expiration of the quarter in which such debt or stock shall be subscribed, and pursuant to the rules and conditions prescribed by the act, entitled "An Act making further provision for the support of public credit, and for the redemption of the public debt."

§ 3. **AND** be it further enacted, that such of the creditors of the United States as have not subscribed, and shall not subscribe to the said loan, shall nevertheless, receive during the year 1796 a percentage on the amount of such of their demands as have been registered or as shall be registered at the treasury, conformably to the directions in the act entitled "An Act making provision for the debt of the United States," equal to the interest which would be payable to them as subscribing creditors. Approved February the 5th, 1796.

NEW-YORK, March 4.
Extract of a letter dated St. Croix, February 3, 1796, to a gentleman in this city.

"For your information and government, we mention that orders have lately been issued by the English, to their ships of war and privateers to take all neutral vessels bound to or returning from Dutch ports, and carry them to their own for adjudication: and under the strength of which several Danish ships have lately been captured."

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 27.
Extract of a letter to a gentleman in this city, dated February 14.

"The French it appears are forbid to buy ships for war, and the English are allowed to buy horses for war. One nation has had every thing denied to them but have been regulated with a run on the state; the other every thing granted without notice. One requires a cargo of friendly words for

friendly actions; the other a cargo of friendly actions for perpetual unfriendly kicks and thumps. Which is most valuable?"

NORFOLK, Feb. 15.
We understand the orders issued by the governor of this state to detain the horses that were shipped for the west Indies, are countenanced by the executive of the United States.

ALEXANDRIA, March 3.
The legislature of Georgia, now in session, have passed a law repealing that of the preceding one, making sale of a certain part of the western territory of that state, together with an order that the obnoxious act in question should be publicly burnt. What effects the repealing law will produce must be left to time to discover; but the sale is certainly not bound by its engagements, and at the same time enacting laws to enforce the performance of individual contracts.

By an arrival at Charleston from Guadalupe, it is stated that the British fleet had not arrived on the 22d of January, but was daily expected. Papers received at Baltimore from Jamaica the 28th of January, make no mention of the fleet.

Extract of a letter from an American captain at Cape Nicholas Mole, to a respectable gentleman in Baltimore, dated February 9, 1796.

"I am sorry to see the number of Americans that are pressed here; mates and hands, all who have no professions go. It makes no difference with them. There are now in this port about 150 Americans on board the 44 gun ship called the Severn. The Scorpion sloop of war arrived here last night, with three prizes, conveyed Capt Hall to Jamaica for trial.

TRENTON, March 5.
Captain Stettin, arrived at Philadelphia on Wednesday last from Lisbon, which place he left the 24th of December, informs, that Col. Humphreys had announced to him, in company with a number of American captains, that the French had recaptured the Rhine, and obtained a complete victory over the Austrian army.

Later papers announced that the French had supplied the British at the island of St. Vincent, &c. This account is confirmed by the arrival of the Schooner Washington, Capt Warring, at New-York, 23 days from Nivis, who informs, that the same report prevailed at Nivis when he left it.

Lexington, April 9.
On Monday last, the Rev H. TOULMIN, as President of the Transylvania Seminary, addressed to the board of Trustees, a letter of resignation, of which the following is a copy:

Twelve months having elapsed since I was last appointed to the presidency of the Transylvania Seminary; I think it proper to remind the board, that the term for which I was then elected expires in the beginning of October next, or rather the 23d of September, as a quarter will terminate on that day, and it will be scarcely worth while to begin a new one. I am the more ready to apprise the board of the time, it devolves upon them to choose a president, because as I feel no inclination to have it understood that I renew the offer of my services, I wish to afford the trustees a sufficient time to enquire after the most proper person to fill the post with which I am honored.

At the same time, I think it incumbent on me to state the reasons of my resignation. I will do it with freedom.

In the first place, then, I regard the salary connected with the office, as an inadequate recompense for the services required.

Secondly, a late act of the legislature has rendered the presidency of the Transylvania Seminary, upon the present plan of filling it from year to year, an office too precarious, for a man to direct his views towards it as a permanent object. To require that every vacancy in the board shall be

supplied by the unanimous vote of thirteen trustees, to require that no president nor professor shall be elected or paid but by the same unanimous vote of thirteen trustees; when whole days have often been spent in collecting together seven members of discordant sentiments; to forbid the approach of every man of spirit and independence.

But, thirdly, certain circumstances attending my first nomination to the office, have from that time I perceive been uniformly made to operate against the institution. I never solicited the appointment. I never took, nor do I believe that any of my friends ever took one improper step to have the appointment made.

I incurred considerable expence in moving to this country with the view of filling an office which I thought might eventually become an object. I did flatter myself that by attention to the duties of my station, by respectability of character, by quiet and inoffensive manners, I should silence the tongue of detraction and enervate the struggles of opposition.

I fear that I have been disappointed.

I have received indeed handsome and official testimonials of my own diligence and of the proficiency of the pupils; but still I am told that there are those who are dissatisfied with my appointment; that there are those, who, failing of more substantial grounds of objection, have condescended to awaken and to employ national and religious prejudices.

A new era in the history of the seminary is now commencing. It is now to be tried whether after all the past difficulties in assembling a board, whether after all those striking instances which have been exhibited of that discordance of sentiment so incident to the frail fabric of humanity—it is now to be tried whether thirteen breasts can be animated with an hitherto unexampled ardour in prosecuting the business of the institution, whether thirteen can assemble twice a year and be all of one heart and one soul. Far be it from me to be any obstruction to a change so desirable. I withdraw. I will be no obstruction to unanimity. I shall not be on my account that a single vote is given dissentient from the will of the majority.

The majority, the whole of the board, I trust, will in their proceedings consequent upon my resignation be actuated by the single consideration of what is right; and unmoved by that clamour of discontent, which is too often confounded with the voice of the people, will in rigid regard to their oath, nominate a successor to me without favor, affection or partiality. I have the honor to be, Gentlemen,

Your very respectful servant,
H. TOULMIN.

The Senate of the United States have unanimously approved the Spanish and Algerine treaties.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in Armagh Ireland to his friend in Baltimore, dated November 3, 1795.

"FOR some time past that part of the county of Armagh, called Loughgale Black Water Fort, towards Cockhill, Tailbridge &c. had been in a state of insurrection, by a constant engagement between the people and the military. The former, assembling in great bodies from the neighbouring counties, threatened to destroy all before them, and if they gain the day, to divide the lands among them. Mr. Lawten, of Fairlaw, with the regiment of North Mayo militia, marched on Friday last, with two pieces of cannon, and attacked a body of people, who had taken post at Black Water Fort, at a place called Mackery. The firing was brisk on both sides for the space of two hours, when at last the Republicans were obliged to give way, and re-

treated across the Black Water, into the county Tyrone, where they have taken post in a strong situation, near Carral, where they are determined to make a stand. The havoc was prodigious on both sides. The militia had three officers, and 132 men killed, and 20 men and five officers wounded. There was upwards of 500 of the other party killed wounded & drowned, in crossing the river. We hear that a large body of men from Belfast, Ballymena, &c. is on the road to join the republicans, headed, by old and experienced volunteer officers, with a large quantity of field pieces, ammunition &c. All is confusion here—How happy must you be in America, where you draw the breath of liberty and happiness! I feel nothing but the appearance of desolation to this once happy land. When or how it will end, God only knows.—10,000 militia are now stationed at Verner's bridge, to slide the water; and General Conyngham, has been appointed commander in chief."

OLIVER ELWORTH of Connecticut is appointed Chief Justice of the U. S. in the room of WILLIAM CUSHING, resigned.

TRANSYLVANIA LIBRARY.

A GENERAL meeting of the trustees, will be held by adjournment, at the Seminary, on the second Monday in this month, at 11 o'clock in the morning.
April 1, 1796.

TO BE RENTED,
A HOUSE & LOT near the Public Square in Lexington. Apply to THOMAS HART & SON.

NOTICE.
THE Trustees will commence an action of trespass against any person who shall remove the gravel, clay, or earth, from the streets of the town of Lexington, or public ground; or commit any other trespass thereon.
By order of the Board.
HUGH McLVAIN, Chairman.
Lexington, April 4, 1796.

Five Dollars Reward.

STRAYED or stolen from the subscriber (in February last) living in Scott county, a large white Horse, near sixteen hands high, eleven or twelve years old, with a small crop of his right ear, a small lump between each shoulder, Grooved by drawing, any person taking up the said horse, and conveying him to the owner, shall receive the above reward by me.
James M Roberts.

FRANKFORT.

I HAVE FOR SALE IN THIS TOWN, A LOT, and two very framed HOUSE.

Twenty six by thirty; finished except plastering. It has two rooms and a convenient passage below, and three above, with a good cellar under the whole, and the advantage of a well. Also, ninety nine feet of Ground fronting Capt. Roberts's tavern, and running back along an alley 150 feet. Also, 86 feet of Ground, fronting Mr. Trigg's store house, and another tract, 145 feet by depth. Also, Lot no 12, fronting Washington street, with its appurtenances. All the above are some of the most eligible situations in town. Also, near Frankfort, thirty acres of Ground, a part of which is improved, and has excellent springs. Also, on very low terms, the remaining Stock in trade of DANIEL GAYNO & BROS, consisting chiefly of Dry Goods, Hard Ware and Groceries. Also, one or two Orleans Boats. Also, 12,653 acres of Land on Red river; this tract is well watered, has on it a quantity of Pine timber and affords several valuable Minerals.—For terms, apply at Frankfort to

DAN GANO.

PUBLIC NOTICE, that I have a tract of Land, lying in the county of Greene, on Pittman's creek, containing one thousand acres, and that on Thursday the 12th of May next, I shall attend at the place where the improvement on said tract of land was made, for the purpose of taking depositions, to be hereafter read as evidence, should any dispute arise. All persons interested therein, or having a claim that interferes with my claim, are hereby required to attend on the day and place aforesaid.
Elias Barbee.

AT THE CARD MANUFACTORY,
N. 30, North Front Street.
IN PHILADELPHIA.
ARE made in the most complete man-
ner and of the best materials, CARDS
of every description, viz. COTTON ON
WOOD, TOW, STOCKS, PULP, and
CARDS for MACHINES, Merchants, or
others from the Country who are pleased to
purchase their Cards at said Manufactory,
may be supplied on terms which the sub-
scriber doubts not will be worthy their at-
tention.
JOSEPH THOMAS.
March 14, 1876. 474062

TROTTER & SCOTT.
HAVING sold off their Store, desirous
of requesting all those indebted to them,
by bond, note or other account, to come for-
ward & make immediate payment to them-
selves or Mr. WIGGINS SCOTT, who is au-
thorized to receive, and give discharge.
Those who neglect this notice, cannot expect
any further indulgence, as the same will at-
tend for the above purpose at the house they
lastly occupied on Main Street.
Lexington, April 2, 1876.

HEMP WANTED.
I WILL give a generous price in CASH
and MERCHANDISE for all the good
clean HEMP, delivered either to me in this
place or to OTHO BEATTY & Co. in Frank-
fort, from this time until the first of May
ensuing.
C. BEATTY.
Lexington, April 4, 1876. 474063

HAVE on hand, a handsome
affairment of MERCHAN-
DISE, which they will sell on
very moderate terms for cash and
country produce. Those who please
to deal with them on any fix or
eight points, shall have a con-
siderable advantage from the com-
mon retail price.
They will also dispose of their
Tobacco and Stock on hand, con-
sisting of about four hundred hides
and one hundred cord of Chestnut
and Black Oak bark; there is a
good bark-mill and a new framed
currying-shop 44 by 16 with rooms
and a commodious loft. There is
also a good dwelling house, with
other necessary buildings, and 250
acres of Chestnut-oak land within 6
miles of the premises.

All those indebted to them, by
bond, note or book account, are re-
quested to make payment before the
first day of March, otherwise
they will be under the disagreea-
ble necessity of putting their ac-
counts into the hands of a proper
officer for collection.

PHIL & MATTHIAS BUSH.
Harrodsburg, January 10.

THE SUBSIDY HAS FOR SALE
THE TWO FOLLOWING DESCRIBED
PIECE OF LAND.
ONE containing one hundred acres of
valuable land, situated under
good fence and in part of the well known
tract called Wm. May's or May's lick tract,
and lies on the road to Colonel Rankin's
Mill. This tract is well watered and
the premises. The other tract containing 60
acres, situated between Lee's creek and May's
lick, about fifteen acres cleared and under
good fence, with two cabins and a good
dwelling. A general survey of the land will be
given. For further particulars enquire of the
subscriber.

STEPHEN BUNNEL.
May's Lick, Mon. 22nd, 1876.
March 15, 1876. 474064

NOTICE.
I HEREBY give to all persons whom it
may concern, that commissioners are
appointed by the county court of Bourbon,
under act of Assembly entitled "An act
to establish the boundaries of lands, and for
other purposes," who will meet on the 20th
day of April next, for the purpose of making
the divisions of wineries in said county and
establishing a certain improvement made for
John Stodge, of a settlement and preemption
of 430 acres, which improvement lies
on Strode's creek, mile below Harrodsburg.
The said settlement and preemption was
made in the name of Ralph Morgan, and
part of said land was transferred by deeds of
conveyance, to James Bell, Samuel M.
Cray, John Hedges, James Strode, James
Anderson, of Bourbon county, by said Mar-
shall. The commissioners will meet on the
day appointed, at said Stodge's improve-
ment.

John Strode,
James Bell,
March 29, 1876.

I assume by the subscriber on Flat Creek,
Clark county, a first rate, strong
four years old, French brandy, bonded on the
last November 25; appraised to \$91.
George Robertson.
January 25, 1876.

Notice.
THE co-partnership of ELYSIA
WINTERS, and Co. having
expired, they offer for SALE the
following property:—
A complete and well-chosen as-
ortment of DRY GOODS, well
adapted to the present and ap-
proaching season, by wholesale or
retail, at a very low advance. Al-
so, an assortment of GROCERIES.

A two story Brick House on
Main Street, an excellent situation
for business, that valuable and
well known tract or parcel of
LAND, situated at the mouth of
Tate's creek, 15 miles from Lex-
ington, on the main road leading
to Madison county, containing
1000 acres; 200 of which is ex-
cellent bottom, the remainder hilly,
but well timbered; 80 acres cleared,
and five acres in timothy meadow,
and twenty more can be made and
watered with very little expense.—
On the upper part of this tract is
erected a MERCHANT and GIST
MILL—the situation is perfectly
secure either from back water from
the river, or floods in the
creek.—The house is fifty feet by
forty with four floors.—The mer-
chant mill has a sixteen feet pitch
back water wheel, double gear, a
French Burr Stone; with bow-
ling, holting, ironing, fanning
and packing works, by water.—The
Grist Mill has a 12 feet water wheel,
over-shot and double gear: the
whole new and in complete order.—
The water empties from three
mills into a pond, whereon floats
a saw mill in good repair, and a
new hem mill.—There is also on
the premises, a new framed Dwell-
ing House, kitchen and store house
with a number of useful cabins,
and a large and never failing
spring convenient for a RICE-WALK
covered 250 feet, and may be extended
over a level piece of ground
150 fathoms with every apparatus
suitable for manufacturing cordage;
a young bearing peach or-
chard; also a number of bearing
apple trees.

A DISTILLERY within forty yards
of the mills, with over head wa-
ters.—Three STILLS containing a-
bout 375 gallons, with every
thing necessary for distilling.
A WAGON, with four good horses,
a few head of cattle, and a large
stock of hogs.

As the above property is situated
in a thick settled fertile part of
the country, where the greatest abun-
dance of produce may be collected,
and the land abounds with
good timber for boat building, and
a very convenient spot for that
purpose on the bank of the river
Kentucky—it is evident that boats
for the Mississippi trade, can be built
and loaded at the mouth of Tate's
creek with more convenience, less
expense and greater dispatch, than
at any other landing in the State.
The mills are now well supplied
with seasoned flour, barley, and
there is six boats on the stocks, that
may be finished in a short time.—
The purchaser can have choice of
two or three if required.—The
payments will be made easy, and
the greater part received annual-
ly in produce. E. WINTERS,
J. WINTERS.
Lexington, Dec 24, 1875.

N. B. All persons indebted to
E. W. & Co. are once more request-
ed to call and pay off their respec-
tive balances without delay.

TAKEN up by the subscriber, in Scott
county, on Lexington spring, a black roan
mare, two years old next spring, some white
hairs at her forehead, no brand, about 13
hands high, appraised to \$1.

John Garnet.
Jan. 20, 1876.

NOTICE is hereby given to all whom it
may concern, that on the fourth Sa-
turday in April next, in pursuance of an or-
der of the court of Jefferson county, I will
attend the commissioners appointed by said
court, at the improvement of Clough Over-
ton, alias of William Barlett, near the
North fork of Licking about one mile a-
bove the bridge over said fork, then and
there to take and perpetuate the testimony
of sundry witnesses for the purpose of estab-
lishing said improvement.

Joseph Barry.

TO BE SOLD OR RENTED
FOR TWO YEARS,
A GRIST AND SAW MILL
A good repair, on Salt river, about eight
miles below Harrodsburg and three from
Kentucky river. Also five acres of well
timbered land adjoining the mill, about ten
acres under good fence, two of which are
cleared and in grass, with a good cabin and
stable; the terms may be known by applying
to the subscriber on the premises.
April 8, 1876. ALEX. S. HANAN. 341

NOTICE.
ALL persons having demands against
John May deceased, either for money
due to them, or for contracts payable in
lands, are requested to transmit to the sub-
scriber a copy of their demands or contracts.
All who are indebted to said John May, ei-
ther for money due to him, or contracts for
land purchased from him, or for locating
lands in the State of Kentucky, are request-
ed to make payment, and to perform their
specific contracts immediately. The said
deceased died by his last will and testament,
bequeathed his lands to the payment of his
debts, and the subscriber will make it the
first object of his administration to provide
for the same, with as much dispatch as the
nature and circumstances of the estate will
admit of. And whereas the said John May
died with a premature death by the hands of
certain persons on his passage down the river
Ohio, many papers and much information per-
ished with him, his probable tax collector
may need the information of others in some
matters relative to the negotiation of the
deceased, in the western country, and he
will thankfully receive any communications
which gentlemen acquainted with the con-
cerns of the deceased, may think proper to
make.

I have appointed Mr. Thomas Carnel,
physicist in Kentucky to receive and for-
ward all communications in that State, al-
luded to above. As the want of a legal
representative since the death of Mr. May,
has obstructed all operations relative to his
transactions and no doubt to the injury of
many, I now interpose that all persons con-
cerned may bring forward their business im-
mediately.

DAVID ROSS, Administrator.
Richmond, January 22, 1876.
P.S. Letters directed to me in Lexing-
ton upon the above said business (postage paid)
shall be duly attended to by
THO. CARNEAL.

NOTICE is hereby given, to all whom it
may concern, that on the first
Monday in May next, I will, in pursuance
of an order of the court of Bourbon county,
attend the commissioners appointed by said
court at the beginning of said month, to
Helm's claim of 1100 acres on the dividing
ridge between the waters of Haggins's
fork and Main Licking, between the Upper
and Lower Blue Fork roads, and at the
place known as the beginning corner of one
of the old Ohio company's surveys; then
and there to take and perpetuate the testi-
mony of certain witnesses relative to said be-
ginning corner.

Joseph Barry.

Notice to whom it may concern.
WHEREAS the commissioners appointed to
divide between the several owners
of one hundred and ninety thousand
acres of land, the property of Richard Ken-
derson and others, known under the name of
Richard Henderson's Colony, in that part
of the territory south of the Ohio, known
as called "Henderson's Valley," within the 25th
day of May next, proceed to make such di-
vision at the office of Charles McCleung in
Knoxville.

CHARLES McCLEUNG,
RUFUS F. HODGSON,
JOSEPH GALLER.

CHARLES McCLEUNG.
Knoxville, March 23, 1876. 341

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given, that
the heirs of Andrew Hannan deceased,
claim a preemption of 1000 acres of land,
as assignee of George Smith, in Madison
county on Silver creek at St. Albans farm, and
on the west side of said creek, any person
claiming land that will in any way interfere
with the above claim, are notified to attend
at the said farm, on the 29th day of April
next, at which time and place I shall proceed
to make the deposition of Spitzer Boone and
others to perpetuate testimony respecting the
several claims in said Smith's certificate, with
the commissioners, agreeable to a law of this
State in that case made and provided.

I shall also attend with commissioners on
Wednesday the 12th May, at a cabin called
John Clarke's, on the middle fork of the
main's creek, in Green county, which is the
claim of John Smith, in the year 1783, to
perpetuate the testimony of his heirs, James
Boone and others respecting said entry and claim.

I shall also attend with commissioners on
Friday the 12th of June next, at a big Beaver
pond, on Robertson's creek, in the State
county of Greene, to prove that said Beaver
pond was formerly called the "Big Beaver
Bend creek," and that the said Beaver pond
is included in an entry of 500 acres made
for Samuel Henry in the year 1780—wherein
testimony I mean to perpetuate agreeable
to a law of this State.

WILLIAM HENRY.
March 31, 1876.

March 28, 1876.
Mr. BRADFORD:
MY Mills were burnt last night, and must
consequently have been done by the
fire of my enemies, as there was no fire in the
place nor any where near; and as I have
received private injuries of that kind, I
think it will be useless for me to attempt to
rebuild them. I therefore purpose to fill
400 acres of LAND to include said mills,
wheat, and other houses, boat-yard and fer-
ry, meadow, peach and apple orchards, &c.
The land is well timbered with oak, and
poplar, a great part first rate and lies well
for cultivation—the landing is the most con-
venient, perhaps, of any on the Kentucky,
both for boat-building and ware-houses—
there is two good ware-houses at present
with a house for weighing; also fences, &c.
The under part of the mill-house and dam
remains unharmed. The mills may be re-
built with half the expense or less than they
formerly cost—it is about one mile from the
mills to the river, and in high water boats
may come up to the miller's place, and on
Boon's creek, near the mouth, which is co-
equal to any freeness in this part of the
country, and about twelve miles from Lexing-
ton. The way to the river is equal to any
on the Kentucky.—The title to the land is
indisputable. Any person wanting to pur-
chase may apply to the subscriber on the
premises, for terms, &c.
ELI CLEVELAND.

[BY THIS DAY'S MAIL.]
PARIS Dec. 6.

Yesterday the Council for the
Hundred were informed of im-
portant advantages obtained by
the army of Italy.—The following
is an extract of the narrative ad-
dressed to the executive council by the
representative of the people,
Feyta, commissary of the govern-
ment near that army.

"The Austrian army is com-
pletely routed. On the 20th of Feb-
ruary, at the battle of the
maine, the attack was made in the whole extent of
1 line, it lasted from 6 o'clock morning
till evening. The Austrians
were repulsed vigorously, every-
where French valour triumphed over
the obstacles which nature and
art laid in their way. The Austrian
army is reduced to one half of
its former number. They have
lost their cannon a great number
of colours they had 3000 men kil-
led, and the number of prisoners
is so great that we cannot yet find
time to count them. One word will
enable you to judge of the number.
At Alengua only, 4000 rations of
bread were distributed to the pri-
soners that passed there. There
will be for some time to come no
Austrian army in Italy. We learn
this moment, that the French army
has entered Rome, where they
found immense magazines."

PHILADELPHIA, March 19.
THURSDAY last the Senate of the
United States took up the report
of their committee on the subject
of the charges of perjury brought
forward by the Legislature of Ken-
tucky, against Humphreys Marshall
a member in the Senate from that
State. The report states a want of
jurisdiction in the case. There
was no decision.

BALTIMORE, March 17.
Capt PEARLY, who arrived yester-
day in the brig, then on his way
from Jersey, informs that a few
days previous to his sailing, a Brit-
ish transport called the Carrier,
Capt. Reynolds arrived there, who
prelaid a man from every American
vessel then in port, but nothing
falsified therein made another
attempt; the Americans refusing
to prevent this second insult on
their flag, collected together on
board the Eliza, of Baltimore,
(she being the first ship to come
along side of) and ordered the boat
to keep off, whereupon Capt. R.
fired on the schooner but in re-
sult met with a warm salute of
stones, handbikes and canisters,
which obliged them to fly off.
In short time he returned with his
boat and 20 men, armed with guns,
swords and cutlasses, and was again
drove off, after killing one man,
and wounding another on board
the Eliza, and cutting away her
main shrouds with shot, in return
for which Capt. R. had 6 men killed
and several wounded.

THE KENTUCKY MISCELLANY for sale
at this OFFICE.

